

Automated Projectile Design Software

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Projectile Design

- Ballistic Projectile Design
 - Performance Specs
 - System Interface
 - Candidate Design
 - Mass Properties
 - Aerodynamics
 - Ballistic Effectiveness
 - Payload Effectiveness



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 - System Interface
 - Candidate Design
 - Mass Properties
 - Aerodynamics
 - Ballistic Effectiveness
 - Payload Effectiveness
- Guided Projectiles
 - Same as ballistic plus
 - Control mechanisms
 - Sensors
 - Autopilot
 - Guidance strategy



Mission

- Ballistic Mission
 - How often will you hit the target (P_h)
 - When you hit it, what is the likelihood of a kill ($P_{k/h}$)



Mission

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- Guided
 - Same as Ballistic, plus
 - Remove system errors
 - Trajectory shaping
 - Glide for extended range
 - Dive to clear obstacles or for lethality



Bottom Line

- You now have to:
 - Design the projectile
 - Decide on a control mechanism
 - Design the auto pilot
 - Implement a Guidance strategy

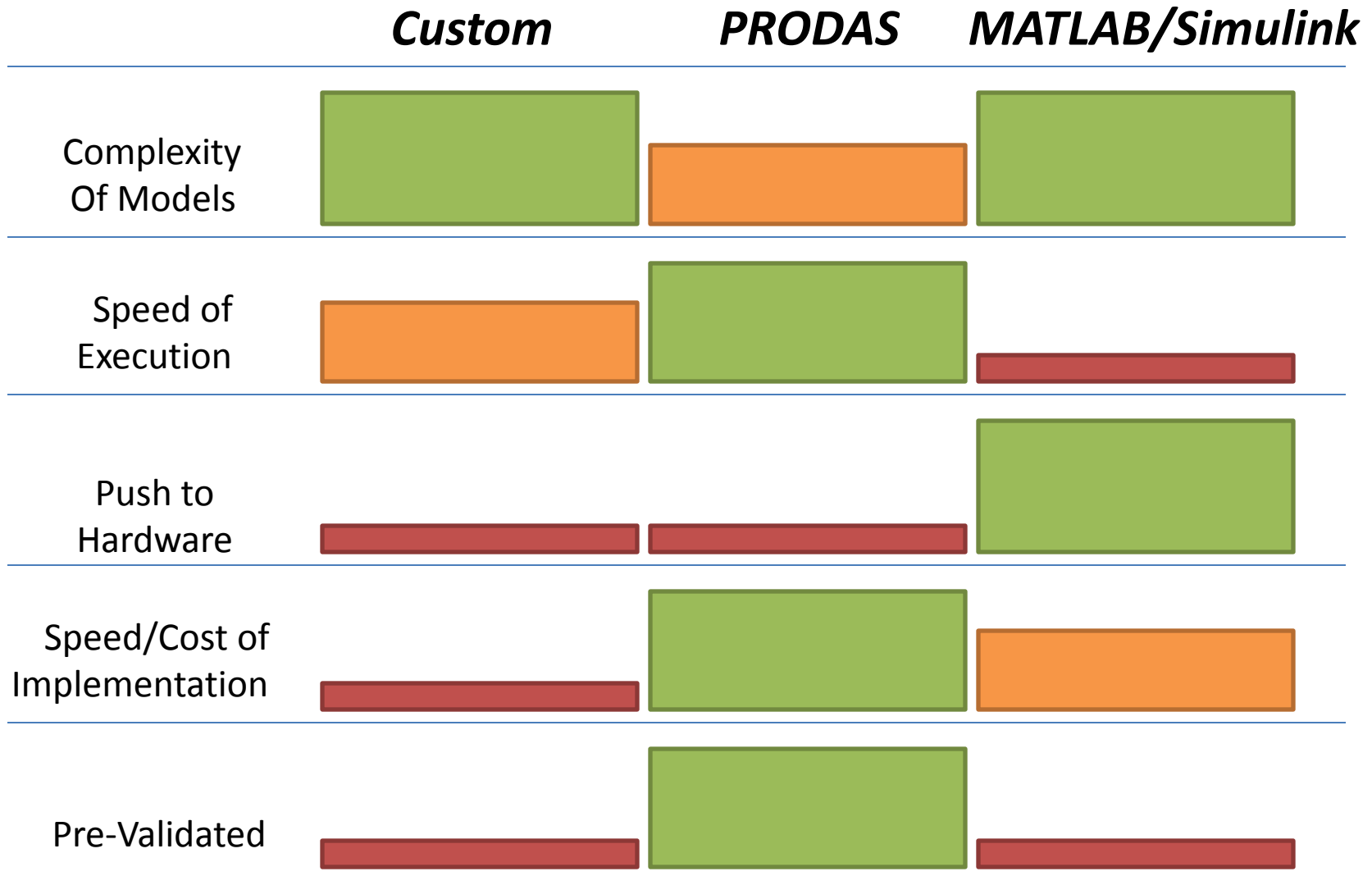


Commercial/Military Projectile Design Tools

- Custom/Proprietary Software
 - Developer uses different analysis modules handing off data from one to the other
 - Stand alone modelers
 - Model building (PRO-E or Solid Works)
 - Aerodynamic estimation (CFD, Missile DATCOM, MILS3 or AP)
 - Simulation codes
 - Hand coded custom solutions
 - Typically Project A evolves into Project B evolves into Project C
- PRODAS
 - Legacy codes embedded into an integrated software system
 - Validated simulations
 - Macro language
- MATLAB/Simulink
 - Like Legacy Simulation codes except within an environment
 - Pre-built simulation blocks and integration engines



Software Metrics



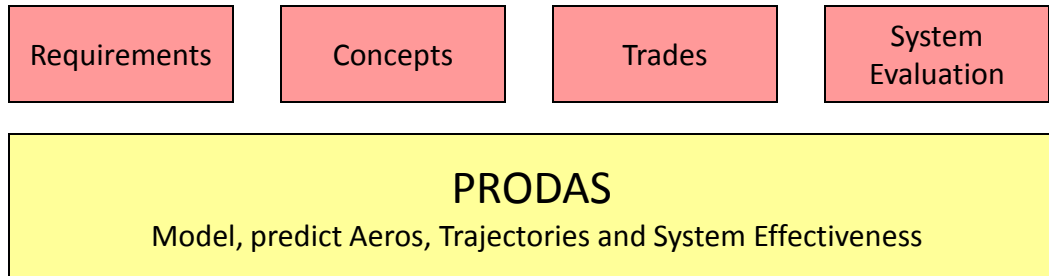
Smart Weapon Development Levels

- First Level - Conceptual Design Studies (Proposal)
 - For a Given Projectile, What Improvements in Performance Can be Obtained IF a Control Force and/or Moment is Available?
 - Simple to model and assess the Benefit of a Flight Control System
- Second Level - Detailed Design Studies (Design)
 - Perform Parametric Trade Studies to design the details of the Control Mechanism
 - Assess the Performance of a Smart Weapon
- Third Level - Final Detailed Design (Test)
 - At this Stage, Detailed Models of the Sensor Suite and Control Law are Included in Analysis
 - Models will include real time loop rates
 - Model should generate C code for embedded processors

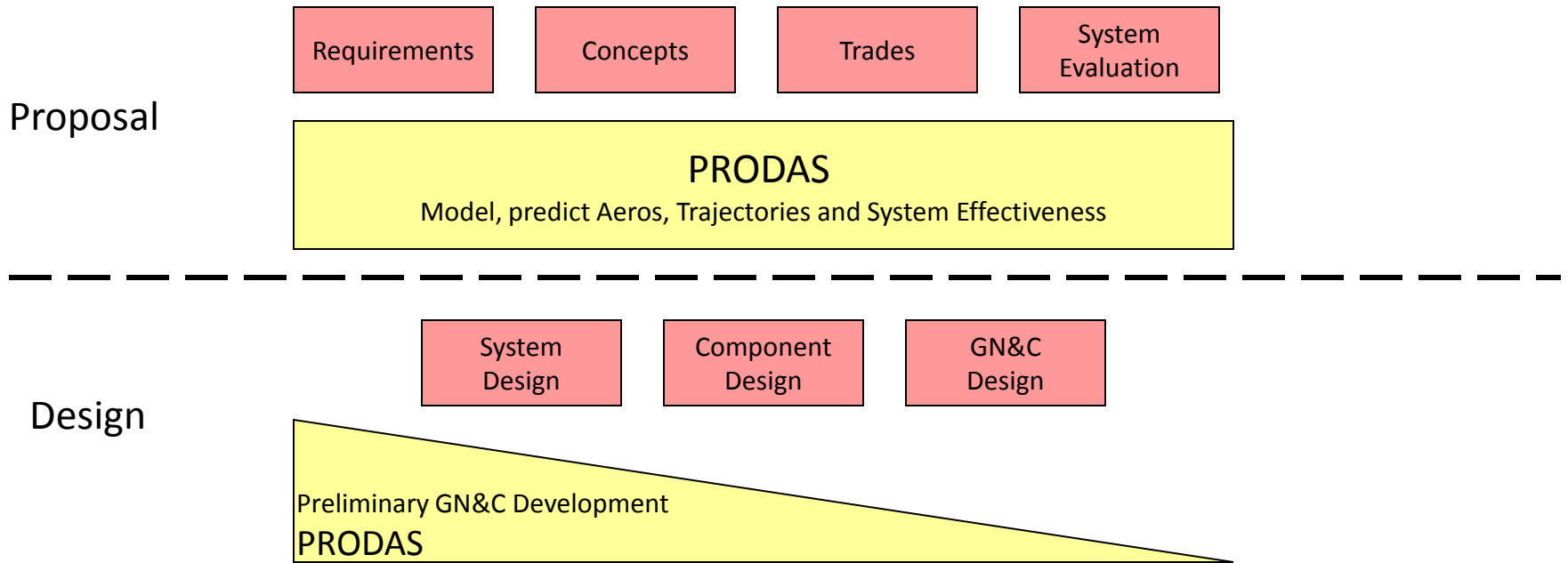


Guided Projectile Development Cycle

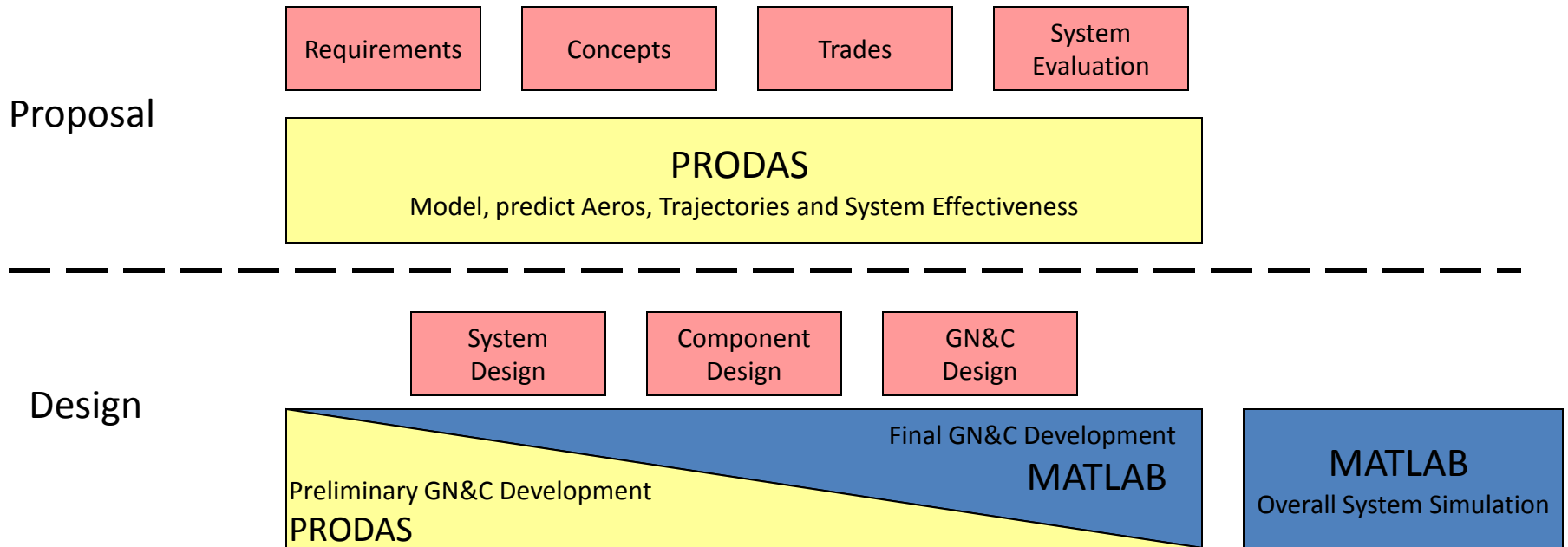
Proposal



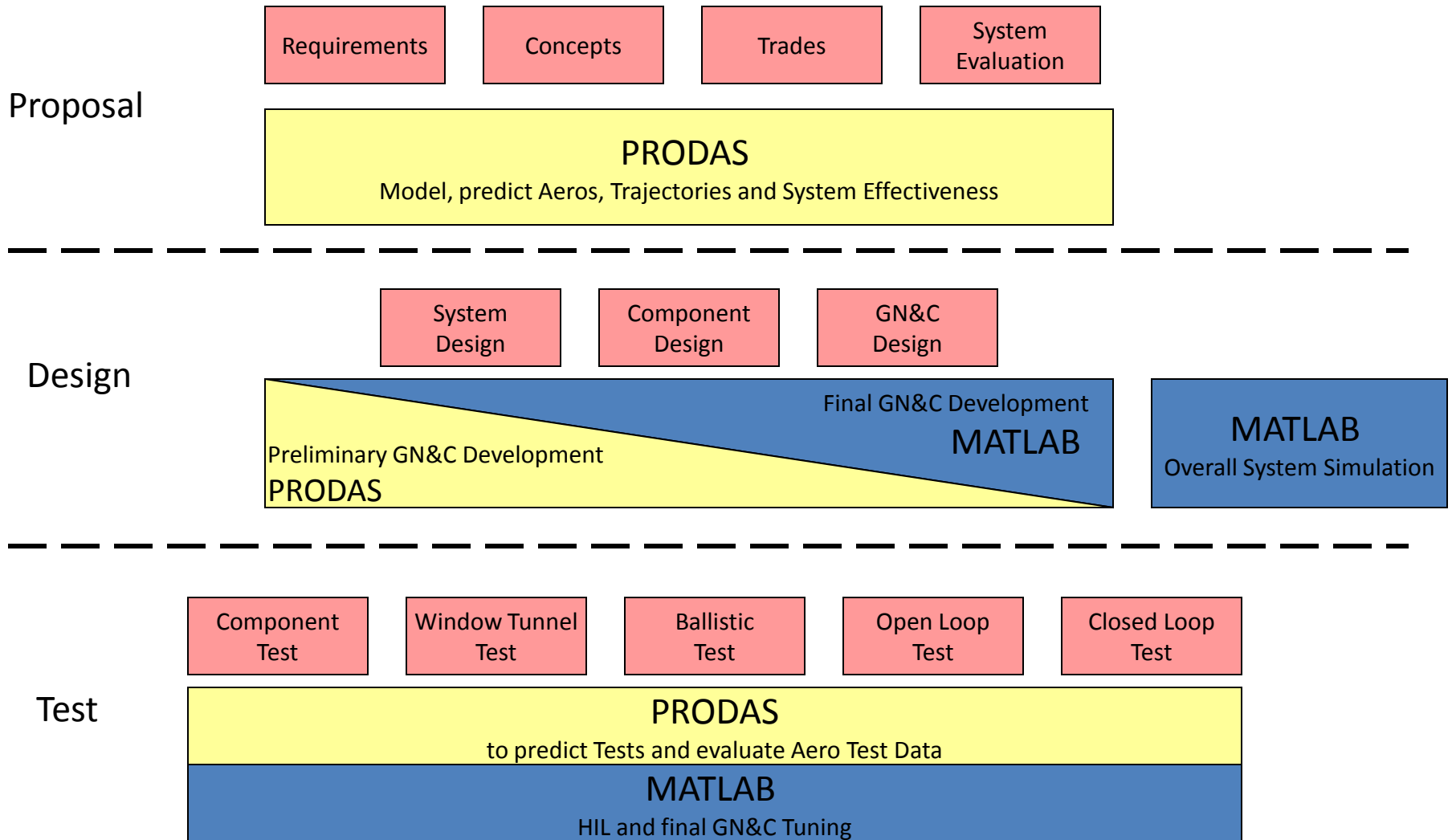
Guided Projectile Development Cycle



Guided Projectile Development Cycle

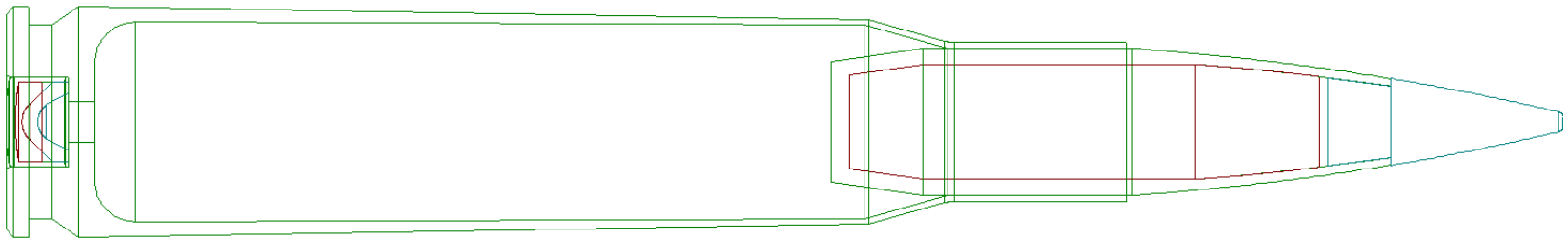


Guided Projectile Development Cycle

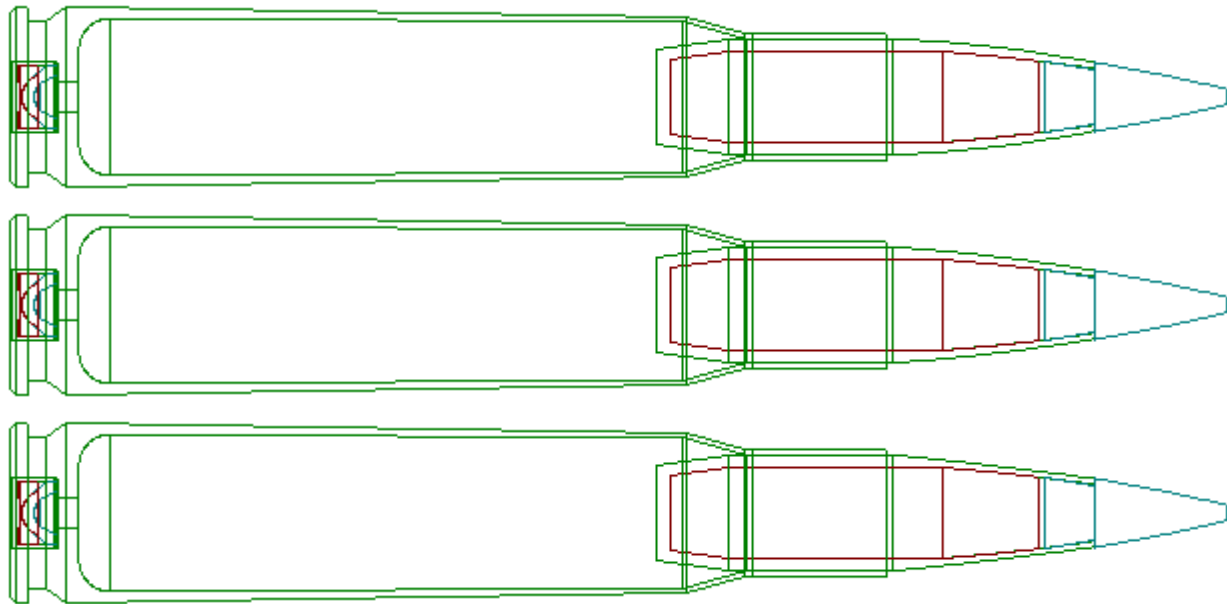


Example #1 Ballistic Projectile

- Design a 50 caliber projectile that will minimize wind sensitivity at 1000m
 - Start with basic shape
 - Vary boat tail length and Ogive length and shape



Subtle Changes to Ogive Shape

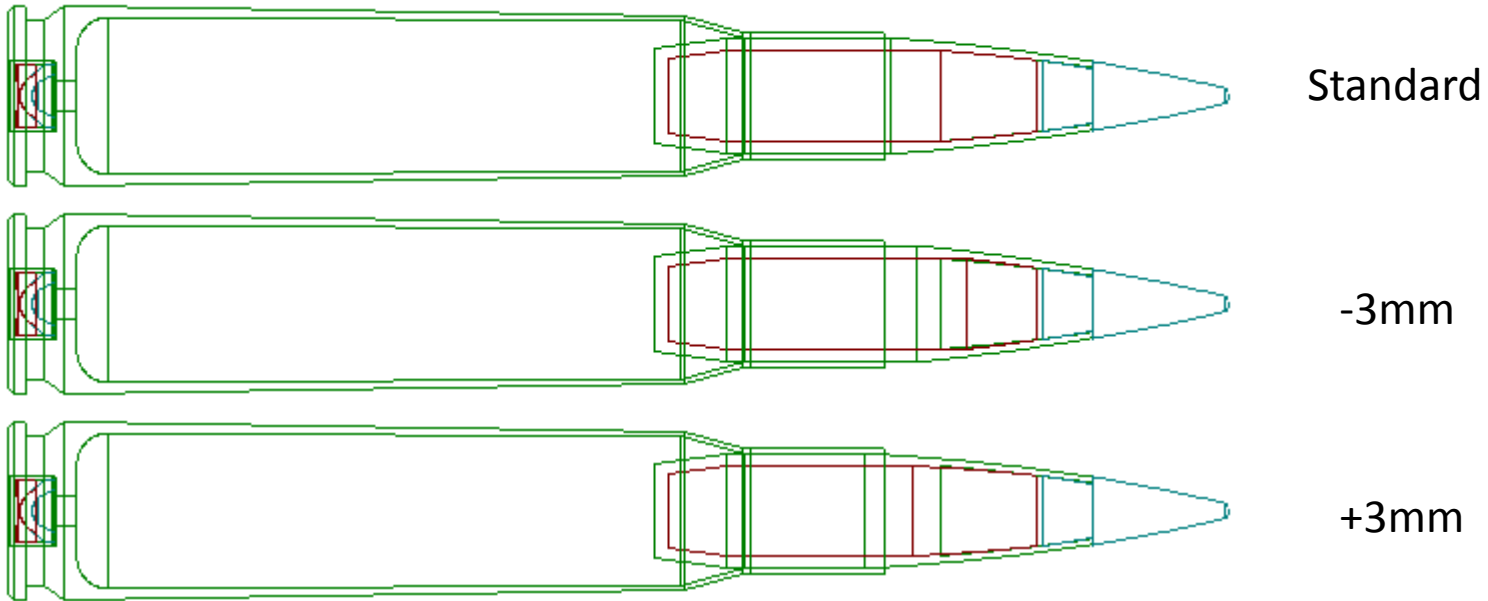


154mm radius

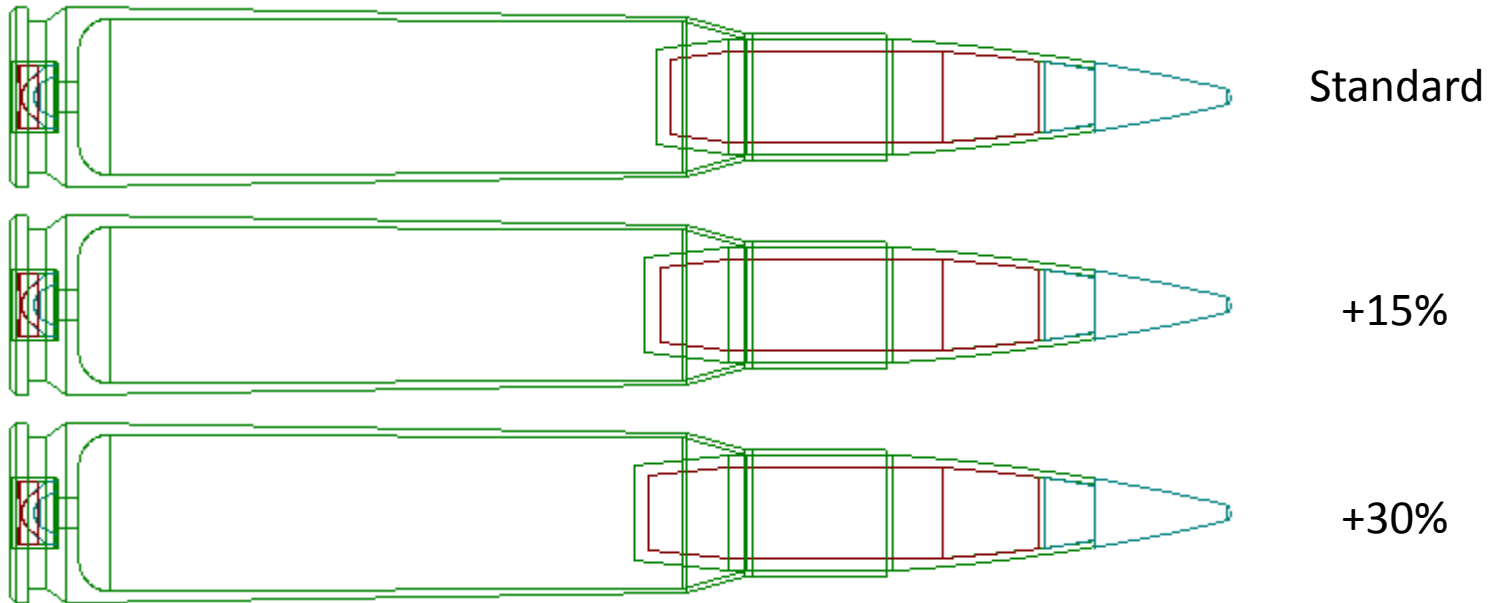
254mm radius

664cm radius

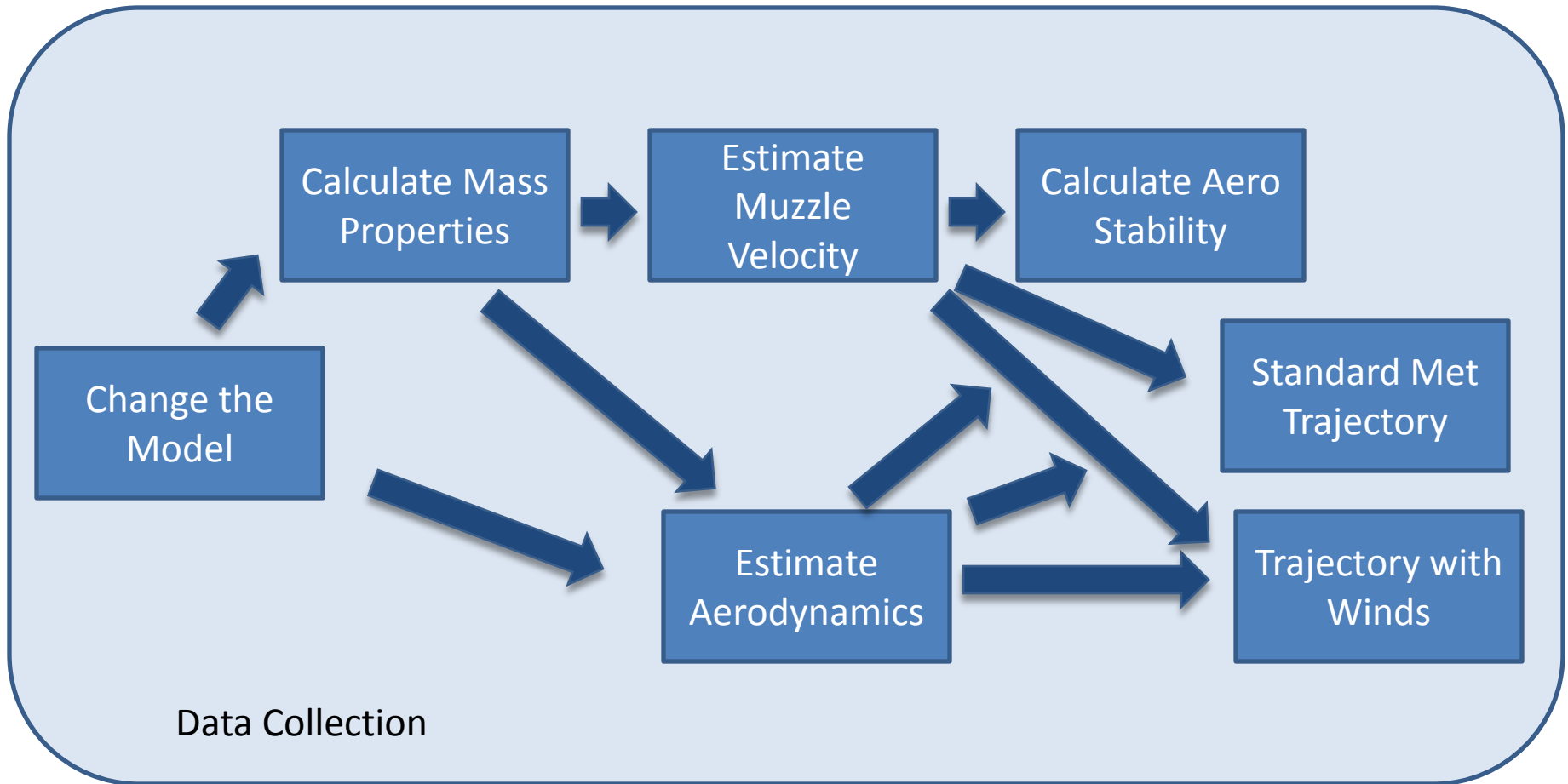
Not So Subtle Changes to Ogive Length



Not So Subtle Changes to Boat Tail



Analysis Map



Example #1 Metrics

- 27 designs evaluated
- 7 analysis modules executed
- 50 seconds run time
- 200 lines of PRODAS macro code
- 4 hours to develop
- 1 Excel file of results

- Results:
 - Decreased wind sensitivity by 7.6%
 - Some configurations increased by as much as 10%



Example #1 Extended Metrics

- Started with previous macro
- 125 designs evaluated
- 7 analysis modules executed
- 4 minutes run time
- 212 lines of PRODAS macro code
- 2 minutes to modify
- 1 Excel file of results

- Results:
 - Decreased wind sensitivity by 7.8%
 - Some configurations increased by as much as 25%

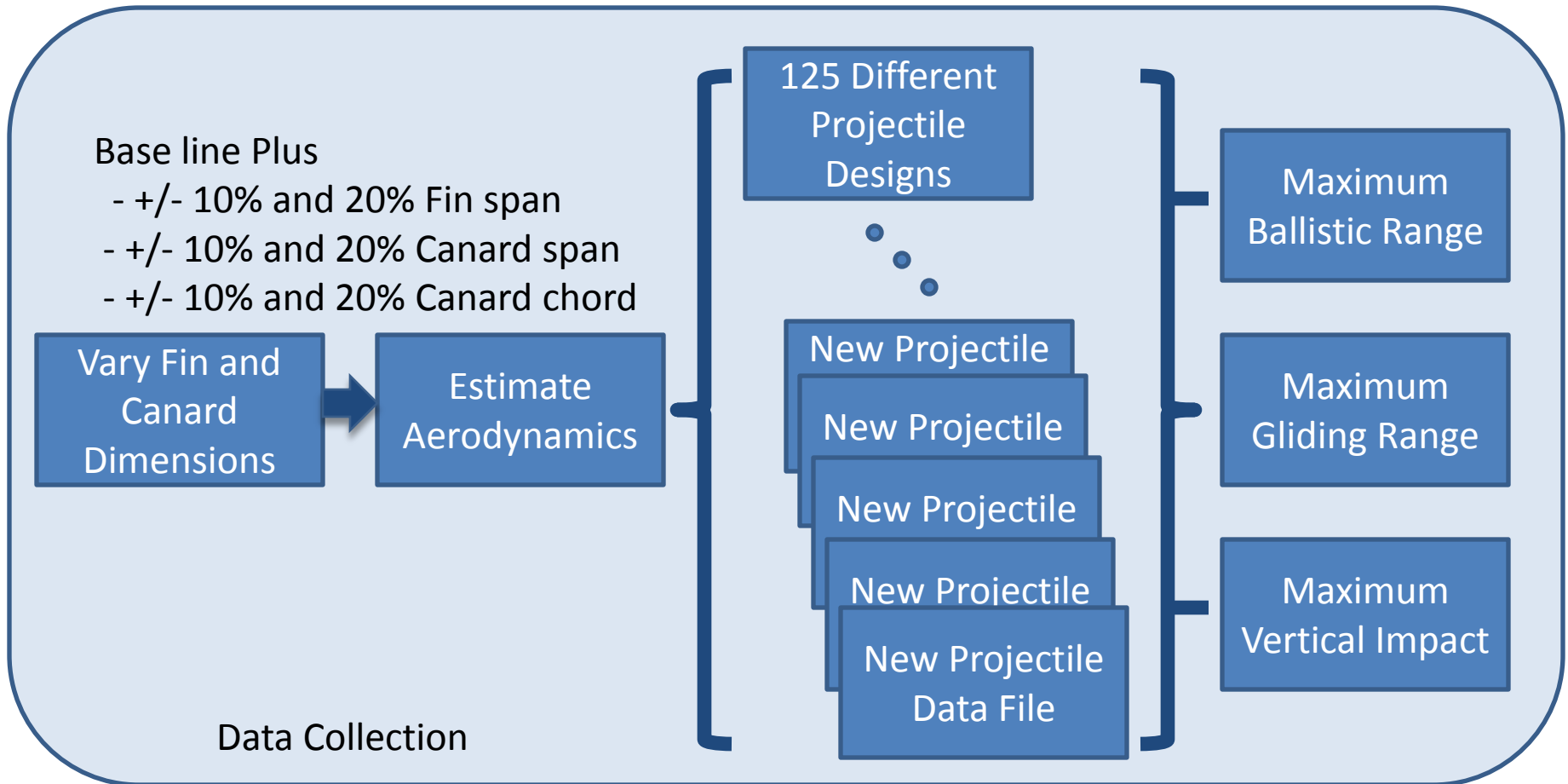


Example #2 Guided Projectile

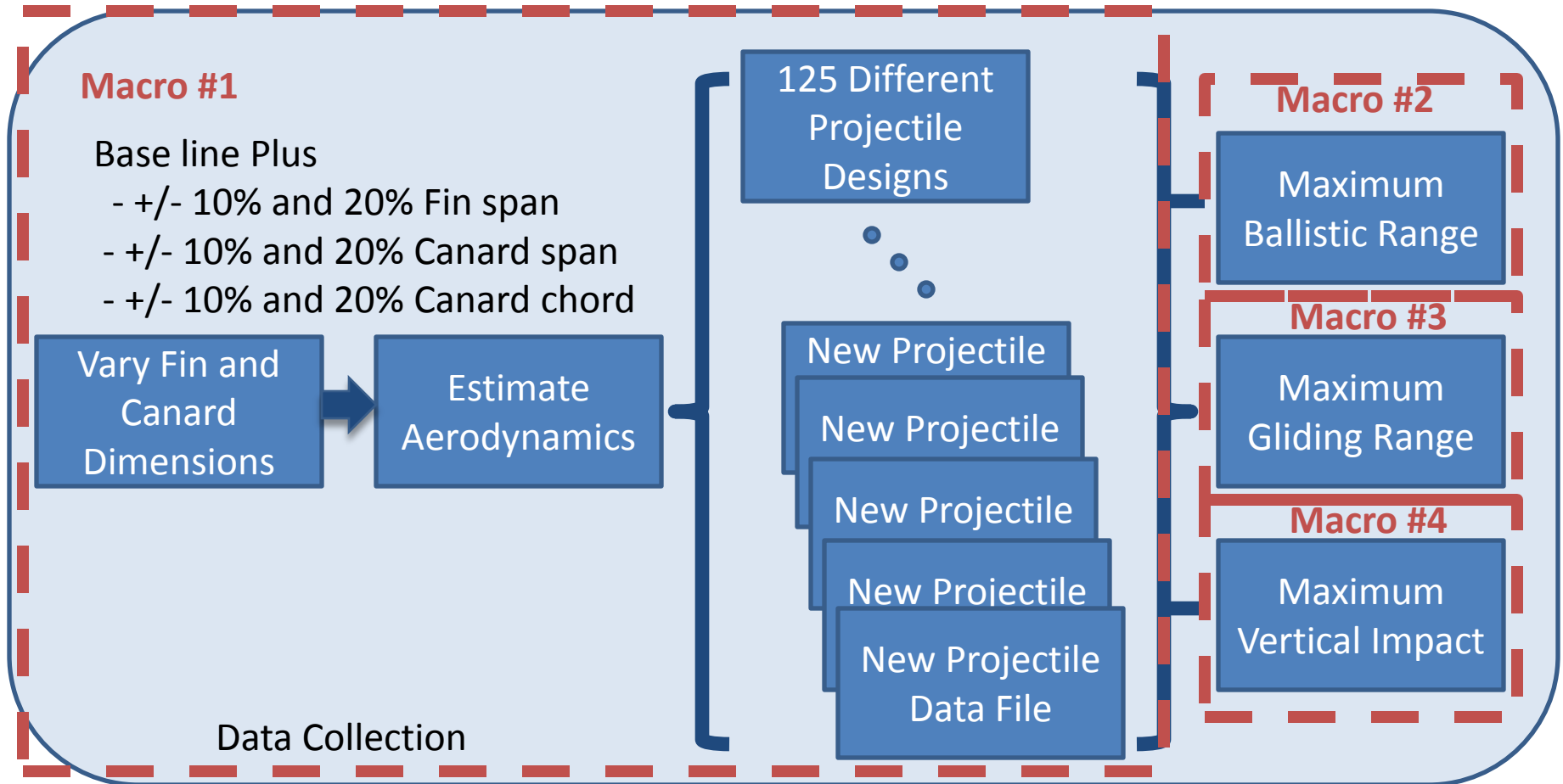
- Basic design of mortar body is fixed, evaluate different fin/canard designs to meet multiple requirements.
 - Find maximum ballistic range
 - Find maximum gliding range using open loop control
 - Find maximum target range with vertical impact using open loop control



Analysis Map



Macro Map



Guided Flight Macros

- Simple open loop canard controller embedded in the GN&C Prototype tool
- Maximum Gliding Range Macro
 - Macro to iterate these design variables:
 - Quadrant elevation
 - Time Glide on
 - Canard application level to limit total AOA
- Maximum Range with Vertical Impact
 - Macro to iterate these design variables:
 - Quadrant elevation
 - Time Glide on
 - Time Dive on
 - Canard application level to limit total AOA



Example #2 Results

- About half of the configurations unstable
 - 40% met the ballistic requirement
 - 15% met the extended range
 - 8% met all the requirements
-
- Iterated this analysis with three different air frames



Conclusions

- Thorough ballistic development is tough
 - Automation lessens the burden
 - Guided projectiles are even worse
- Match the tool to the job
 - Where are you in the development cycle?
 - Fast or Detailed?
 - Do you have to validate the sims?
- Tools are readily available



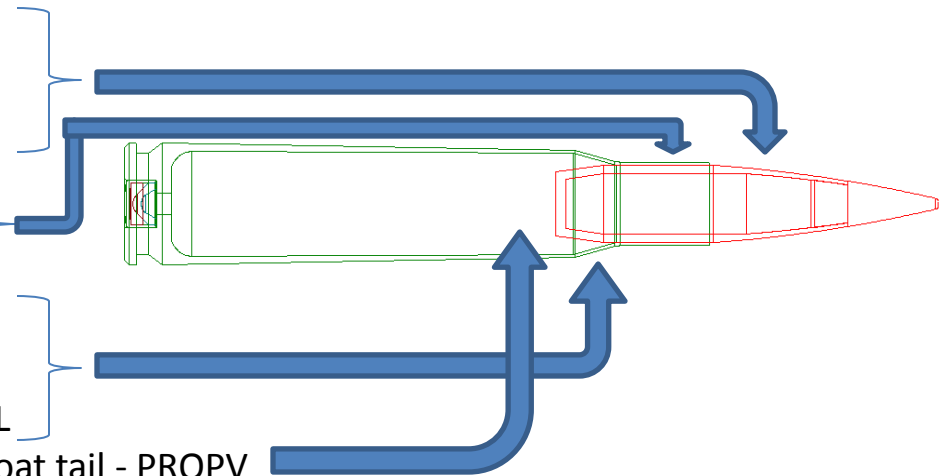
Example #1 PRODAS Script

- The following script is included as an example showing how to modify your model with code.
- It will:
 - Modify a base model
 - Calculate Mass Properties
 - Estimate muzzle velocity using Frankfort Interior ballistics
 - Estimate aerodynamics using Spinner 2000
 - Fly a 6DOF trajectory with no wind
 - Estimate stability at cold temperatures
 - Fly another trajectory with 10 knot cross wind
 - Prepare of comma separated value file with the results
- If you have questions or comments, please contact
 - Mark Steinhoff, Arrow Tech Associates (802) 865-3460 ext 18



How to Run this Script

- Open a new PRODAS macro window
- Copy and Paste the lines from the following slides
- Change the path and projectile name of interest
 - The projectile model should include a case and propellant
- The script expects certain elements to be named in your projectile model
 - Name the :
 - Ogive outer skin – OG
 - Ogive void element – OGV
 - Lead that fills the Ogive – OGL
 - Body outer skin – BD
 - Body void element – BDV
 - Lead that fills the Body – BDL
 - Boat tail outer skin – BT
 - Boat tail void element – BTV
 - Lead that fills the Boat tail – BTL
 - Void in the propellant for the Boat tail - PROPV



Example PRODAS Script

Page 1

SUB MAIN

'PRODAS MACRO SCRIPT FILE 12/14/09

'FILENAME= T:\PRODASV35\SCRIPTS\BUILDERV1.PVB

PROJDIR = "R:\ARROW TECH AUTHORED PAPERS 2010\"

TESTPROJ = PROJDIR & "50 CAL BALLISTIC SNIPER PROJECT.PR3"

'INITIALIZE AN ARRAY TO STORE THE SUMMARY TABLE

DIM LINEHDR(50)

DIM LINECOL(50)

ACTIVECOL=20

LINEHDR(0)="CONFIG"

LINEHDR(1)="MASS"

LINEHDR(2)="IX"

LINEHDR(3)="IY"

LINEHDR(4)="CG"

LINEHDR(5)="PROP"

LINEHDR(6)="CHAMBER"

LINEHDR(7)="MV"

LINEHDR(8)="X1"

LINEHDR(9)="Y1"

LINEHDR(10)="Z1"

LINEHDR(11)="MACH"

LINEHDR(12)="GYRO"

LINEHDR(13)="X2"

LINEHDR(14)="Y2"

LINEHDR(15)="Z2"

LINEHDR(16)="TOF"

LINEHDR(17)="X ERROR"

LINEHDR(18)="Y ERROR"

LINEHDR(19)="Z ERROR"

LINEHDR(20)="RMS ERROR"



Example PRODAS Script

Page 2

```
'INITIALIZE THE TEXT FILE TO ACCUMULATE THE RESULTS
SET RESULTS = MACROSYSTEM.INITIALIZERESULTSFILE
RESULTSFILENAME = PROJDIR & "RESULT " & MONTH(DATE) & "-" & DAY(DATE) & " " & HOUR(TIME) & "-" & MINUTE(TIME) & ".TXT"

RESULTS.OPENFILE RESULTSFILENAME 'SET THE RESULTS PATH
RESULTS.WRITEHEADER
LINEOUT= ""
RESULTS.WRITESTRING LINEOUT
FOR J = 0 TO ACTIVECOL
  LINEOUT= LINEOUT & LINEHDR(J)
  IF J < ACTIVECOL THEN LINEOUT=LINEOUT & CHR(9)
NEXT
RESULTS.WRITESTRING LINEOUT
FOR BTINDEX= 1 TO 3
  FOR OGLINDEX = 1 TO 3
    FOR OGRINDEX = 1 TO 3
      SET PROJ = MACROSYSTEM.INITIALIZEPROJECTILE 'INIT A PROJECTILE OBJECT
      IOPEN= PROJ.OPENDATAFILE(TESTPROJ) 'LOAD THE PROJECTILE FILE
      PROJ.FORCEUNLOCKPROJECTILE 'MAKE SURE IT IS READY TO BE CHANGED
      SET MODEL = PROJ.MODEL("SYSTEM")

      SET BT = MODEL.RETURNNAMEDELEMENT("BT")
      SELECT CASE BTINDEX
        CASE 1 'DO NOTHING
          DELTALENGTH = 0.0
        CASE 2
          DELTALENGTH = BT.LENGTH * 0.15

        CASE 3
          DELTALENGTH = BT.LENGTH * 0.3
      END SELECT
      BTTAG="BT+" & DELTALENGTH*1000 & "MM|"
```



Example PRODAS Script

Page 3

```
SET BTV = MODEL.RETURNNAMEDELEMENT("BTV")
SET BTL = MODEL.RETURNNAMEDELEMENT("BTL")
SET PROPV = MODEL.RETURNNAMEDELEMENT("PROPV")
BT.LENGTH = BT.LENGTH + DELTALENGTH
BT.REF_LENGTH= BT.REF_LENGTH- DELTALENGTH
BTV.LENGTH = BTV.LENGTH + DELTALENGTH
BTV.REF_LENGTH= BTV.REF_LENGTH- DELTALENGTH
BTL.LENGTH = BTL.LENGTH + DELTALENGTH
BTL.REF_LENGTH= BTL.REF_LENGTH- DELTALENGTH

PROPV.LENGTH = PROPV.LENGTH + DELTALENGTH
PROPV.REF_LENGTH= PROPV.REF_LENGTH- DELTALENGTH

SELECT CASE OGLINDEX
  CASE 1 'DO NOTHING
    DELTALENGTH = 0.00      'M
  CASE 2
    DELTALENGTH = -0.003    'M
  CASE 3
    DELTALENGTH = 0.003     'M
END SELECT
OGTAG="OG +" & DELTALENGTH*1000 & "MM|"
SET OG = MODEL.RETURNNAMEDELEMENT("OG")
SET OGV = MODEL.RETURNNAMEDELEMENT("OGV")
SET OGL = MODEL.RETURNNAMEDELEMENT("OGL")
SET BD = MODEL.RETURNNAMEDELEMENT("BD")
SET BDV = MODEL.RETURNNAMEDELEMENT("BDV")
SET BDL = MODEL.RETURNNAMEDELEMENT("BDL")

OG.LENGTH = OG.LENGTH + DELTALENGTH
OG.REF_LENGTH= OG.REF_LENGTH - DELTALENGTH

OGL.LENGTH = OGL.LENGTH + DELTALENGTH
OGL.REF_LENGTH= OGL.REF_LENGTH - DELTALENGTH
BD.LENGTH = BD.LENGTH - DELTALENGTH
BDV.LENGTH = BDV.LENGTH - DELTALENGTH
BDL.LENGTH = BDL.LENGTH - DELTALENGTH
```



Example PRODAS Script

Page 4

```
SELECT CASE OGRINDEX
  CASE 1 'DO NOTHING
    DELTARADIUS= 0.0          ' MUST BE IN METERS
  CASE 2
    DELTARADIUS= -100.0/1000.0          ' MUST BE IN METERS

  CASE 3
    DELTARADIUS= 400.0/1000.0          ' MUST BE IN METERS
END SELECT
SET OG = MODEL.RETURNNAMEDELEMENT("OG")
OG.RADIUS = OG.RADIUS + DELTARADIUS    ' MUST BE IN METERS
OGRTAG="OGR +" & DELTARADIUS *1000 & "MM|"

INITIALPROP_VOLUME= PROJ.GETDATAPOINTVALUE("MASSPROP","CALC_PROPELLANT_VOLUME")

PROJ.EXECUTEANALYSIS "MASS2000"
WEIGHT= PROJ.GETDATAPOINTVALUE("MASSPROP","CALC_FLY_WEIGHT")

AXIALINERTIA= PROJ.GETDATAPOINTVALUE("MASSPROP","CALC_FLY_AXIALINERTIA")
TRANSINERTIA= PROJ.GETDATAPOINTVALUE("MASSPROP","CALC_FLY_TRANSINERTIA")
CGNOSE= PROJ.GETDATAPOINTVALUE("MASSPROP","CALC_FLY_CGNOSE")
LINECOL(0)=BTTAG & OGTAG & OGRTAG
LINECOL(1)=WEIGHT *1000
LINECOL(2)=AXIALINERTIA
LINECOL(3)=TRANSINERTIA
LINECOL(4)=CGNOSE *1000

PROP_WEIGHT= PROJ.GETDATAPOINTVALUE("MASSPROP","CALC_PROPELLANT_WEIGHT")
PROP_VOLUME= PROJ.GETDATAPOINTVALUE("MASSPROP","CALC_PROPELLANT_VOLUME")
LINECOL(5)=PROP_WEIGHT *1000
LINECOL(6)=PROP_VOLUME*100*100*100
```



Example PRODAS Script

Page 5

```
PROJ.SETDATAPOINTVALUE "GUNINFO","CHAMBERVOLUME",PROP_VOLUME
PROJ.SETDATAPOINTVALUE "INTERIORBALLISTICS","PROPMASS(FRANKFORT)",PROP_WEIGHT

PROJ.EXECUTEANALYSIS "IBAL2000FRANKFORT"

MV = PROJ.GETDATAPOINTVALUE("TRAJECTORY","MUZZLEVELOCITY")
LINECOL(7)=MV

PROJ.EXECUTEANALYSIS "SPIN2000"

PROJ.SETDATAPOINTVALUE "TRAJECTORY","RANGEFINAL",1000
PROJ.SETDATAPOINTVALUE "MET","METTYPE",3      'SET TO STD
PROJ.EXECUTEANALYSIS "TRAJ20006D"
SET TABLE= PROJ.OPENDATATABLE("TRAJECTORY","TRAJRESULTSDATA")  'INIT A DATA TABLE OBJECT
LAUNCHMACH = TABLE.CELLVALUE(1,11)
X1 = TABLE.CELLVALUE(TABLE.ROWS,2)
Y1 = TABLE.CELLVALUE(TABLE.ROWS,3)
Z1 = TABLE.CELLVALUE(TABLE.ROWS,4)
LINECOL(8)=X1
LINECOL(9)=Y1
LINECOL(10)=Z1

PROJ.SETDATAPOINTVALUE "MET","METTYPE",1      'SET TO COLD

PROJ.EXECUTEANALYSIS "SPINSTAB2000"
SET TABLE= PROJ.OPENDATATABLE("AEROSTABILITY","STABILITYBASIC")  'INIT A DATA TABLE OBJECT
IF LAUNCHMACH < TABLE.CELLVALUE(1,1) THEN
  MYGYRO = TABLE.CELLVALUE(1,2)
ELSEIF LAUNCHMACH > TABLE.CELLVALUE(30,1) THEN
  MYGYRO = TABLE.CELLVALUE(30,2)
ELSE
  FOR I=2 TO TABLE.ROWS
    IF LAUNCHMACH < TABLE.CELLVALUE(I,1) THEN
      RATIO = (TABLE.CELLVALUE(I,1)-LAUNCHMACH)/(TABLE.CELLVALUE(I,1)-TABLE.CELLVALUE(I-1,1))
      MYGYRO = TABLE.CELLVALUE(I,2) - RATIO * ( TABLE.CELLVALUE(I,2) - TABLE.CELLVALUE(I,1))
    EXIT FOR
  END IF
NEXT
END IF
```



Example PRODAS Script

Page 6

```
LINECOL(11)=LAUNCHMACH  
LINECOL(12)=MYGYRO
```

```
PROJ.SETDATAPOINTVALUE "MET","PRES AT SEA LEVEL", 1013.3  
PROJ.SETDATAPOINTVALUE "MET","TEMP AT SEA LEVEL", 15  
PROJ.SETDATAPOINTVALUE "MET","WIND DIRECTION", 0.0           'FROM THE NORTH  
PROJ.SETDATAPOINTVALUE "MET","WIND SPEED", 5.14             'M/SEC = 10 KNOTS  
PROJ.EXECUTEANALYSIS "MET2000"
```

```
PROJ.SETDATAPOINTVALUE "MET","METTYPE", 6           ' USER MET  
PROJ.EXECUTEANALYSIS "TRAJ20006D"  
SET TABLE= PROJ.OPENDATATABLE("TRAJECTORY","TRAJRESULTSDATA") 'INIT A DATA TABLE OBJECT  
X2 = TABLE.CELLVALUE(TABLE.ROWS,2)  
Y2 = TABLE.CELLVALUE(TABLE.ROWS,3)  
Z2 = TABLE.CELLVALUE(TABLE.ROWS,4)  
LINECOL(13)=X2  
LINECOL(14)=Y2  
LINECOL(15)=Z2  
LINECOL(16)= TABLE.CELLVALUE(TABLE.ROWS,1)  
LINECOL(17)= X1-X2  
LINECOL(18)= Y1-Y2  
LINECOL(19)= Z1-Z2  
LINECOL(20)= SQR((X1-X2)^2 + (Y1-Y2)^2 + (Z1-Z2)^2 )
```

```
LINEOUT= ""  
FOR J = 0 TO ACTIVECOL  
    LINEOUT= LINEOUT & LINECOL(J)  
    IF J < ACTIVECOL THEN LINEOUT=LINEOUT & CHR(9)  
NEXT  
RESULTS.WRITESTRING LINEOUT  
NEWFILENAME = "50 CAL BALLISTIC SNIPER PROJECT" & BTINDEX & OGLINDEX & OGRINDEX & ".PR3"  
PROJ.SAVEASDATAFILE PROJDIR & NEWFILENAME  
PROJ.CLOSEDATAFILE           'YOU ARE DONE WITH THIS PROJECTILE
```

```
NEXT  
NEXT  
NEXT
```

```
RESULTS.CLOSEFILE           'CLOSE THE RESULTS FILE  
SET RESULTS = NOTHING  
MSGBOX "RESULTS FILE CAN BE FOUND IN " & RESULTSFILENAME
```

```
END SUB
```

